Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs

| Definitions | Knowledge | Comprehension | Application | Analysis | Synthesis | Evaluation | |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Bloom's Definition | Remember previously learned information. | Demonstrate an understanding of the facts. | Apply knowledge to actual situations. | Break down objects or ideas into simpler parts and find evidence to support generalizations. | Compile component ideas into a new whole or propose alternative solutions. | Make and defend judgments based on internal evidence or external criteria. | |
| Verbs | Arrange Define Describe Duplicate Identify Label List Match Memorize Name Order Outline Recognize Relate Recall Repeat Reproduce Select State | Classify Convert Defend Describe Discuss Distinguish Estimate Explain Express Extend Generalized Give example(s) Identify Indicate Infer Locate Paraphrase Predict Recognize Rewrite Review Select Summarize Translate | Apply Change Choose Compute Demonstrate Discover Dramatize Employ Illustrate Interpret Manipulate Modify Operate Practice Predict Prepare Produce Relate Schedule Show Sketch Solve Use Write | Analyze Appraise Breakdown Calculate Categorize Compare Contrast Criticize Diagram Differentiate Discriminate Distinguish Examine Experiment Identify Illustrate Infer Model Outline Point out Question Relate Select Separate Subdivide Test | Arrange Assemble Categorize Collect Combine Compose Compose Construct Create Design Develop Devise Explain Formulate Generate Plan Prepare Rearrange Reconstruct Relate Reorganize Rewrite Set up Summarize Synthesize Tell Write | Appraise Argue Assess Attach Choose Compare Conclude Contrast Defend Describe Discriminate Estimate Evaluate Explain Judge Justify Interpret Relate Predict Rate Select Summarize Support Value | |

Area 5 – Mapping Student Learning Outcomes (sources – <u>A Taxonomy for Learning, Teaching, and Assessing</u>, Anderson & Krathwohl, and <u>A</u> Model for Learning Objectives, Iowa State University Center for Excellence in Learning and Teaching)

| BLOOM'S TAXONOMY REVISED (example verbs for learning outcomes in italics) | | COGNITIVE PROCESS DIMENSION | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | REMEMBER Recall and retrieval of foundational disciplinary information. | 2. UNDERSTAND Make meaning out of information. | 3. APPLY Use information in a similar situation. | 4. ANALYZE Take apart information and explore component connections. | 5. EVALUATE Examine critically and judge. | 6. CREATE Create something new. | | |
| KNOWLEDGE DIMENSION | A. FACTUAL KNOWLEDGE Foundational information in a discipline. | List | Summarize | Respond | Select | Check | Generate | | |
| | B. CONCEPTUAL KNOWLEDGE Connection of foundational elements to overall structure and function. | Recognize | Classify | Provide | Differentiate | Determine | Assemble | | |
| | C. PROCEDURAL KNOWLEDGE Methods for investigating and acting. | Recall | Clarify | Carry Out | Integrate | Judge | Design | | |
| | D. META-COGNITIVE KNOWLEDGE Reflection on thinking in the discipline. | Identify | Predict | Use | Deconstruct | Reflect | Create | | |

